WHEREAS, at the heart of the Comprehensive Nuclear Test Ban Treaty is the obligation "not to carry out any nuclear weapon test explosion of any other nuclear explosion" as well as a rigorous verification regime; and

WHEREAS, the time is long past for the United States to take leadership in calling for the comprehensive, unequivocal, and verifiable ban on all nuclear weapons testing;

THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED that the Twenty-eighth General Synod of the United Church of Christ encourages its members, congregations, and various settings to call on the United States Senate to ratify the Comprehensive Nuclear Test Ban Treaty as one of its most important foreign policy priorities in Congress.

FUNDING

Funding for the implementation of this resolution will be made in accordance with the overall mandates of the affected agencies and the funds available.

IMPLEMENTATION

Justice and Witness Ministries is requested to implement this resolution.

6. SUPPORTING INTERNATIONAL HUMAN RIGHTS RELATED TO SEXUAL ORIENTATION AND GENDER IDENTITY

Assistant Moderator Aurand called upon Adam Tietje, Chairperson of Committee Seven for the presentation of the Committee.

Mr. Tietje moved adoption of the resolution "Supporting International Human Rights Related to Sexual Orientation and Gender Identity," as presented with amendments. Mr. Tietje yielded his time to Ms. Emily Heath (MASS), a member of Committee Seven, who spoke to the resolution.

Ms. Twila Rhodes (FL) moved to amend the resolution to add "gender expression" on line 99 to make the resolution consistent. Ms. Cally Rogers-Witte advised that the language is the United Nations language, not ours. The motion was withdrawn.

<u>11-GS-46 VOTED:</u> The Twenty-eighth General Synod adopts the resolution "Supporting International Human Rights Related to Sexual Orientation and Gender Identity," as presented with amendments.

SUPPORTING INTERNATIONAL HUMAN RIGHTS RELATED TO SEXUAL ORIENTATION AND GENDER IDENTITY

WHEREAS, the Tenth General Synod of the United Church of Christ (1975) declared, "In faithfulness to the biblical and historic mandate, we hold that, as a child of God, every person is endowed with worth and dignity that human judgment cannot set aside." (A Pronouncement: Civil Liberties without Discrimination Related to Affectional or Sexual Preference), and previous General Synod and Executive Council actions have declared faithful support for the Universal Declaration of Human Rights (GS2, 1959) and committed to church to seek the full application of international human rights (GS12, 1979);

International human rights standards delineate the positive obligations a nation must fulfill in order for its residents to live fully human lives. Collectively, these liberties and obligations define the "common good" and implicate government to be proactive in the establishment and maintenance of that good; and

International human rights standards can provide common language to describe universal concerns, including promises and claims to justice that transcend any one nation; common vision around which disparate and affected groups can gather and build coalitions to create change; and common measurements that all can use to hold public officials, policymakers, agencies and organizations accountable; and

In order for universal human rights standards to be truly universal, every person, whatever their sexual orientation, gender identity or gender expression, is entitled to the full enjoyment of all human rights; and

The use of criminal law, or proposals to use criminal law, against members of sexual minorities creates a legal and social environment that is discriminatory and violates the human rights endorsed in the Universal Declaration of Human Rights. This is evident in the many cases of harassment, arrest and prosecution of persons based on their real or perceived sexual orientation or gender identity, and in the inflammatory statements issued by national and local leaders (including religious and other civil society leaders) which vilify sexual minorities and gender non-conforming people and, in extreme cases, call for violence against them; and

Around the world, such discrimination, violence and abuse targeting persons based on their sexual orientation or gender identity often goes unreported, uninvestigated and unpunished; and Around the world, such discrimination, violence and abuse targeting persons based on their sexual orientation or gender identity seriously undermines attempts to provide effective HIV prevention, treatment, care and support; and

In many countries, the work of human rights defenders is opposed, obstructed or banned; and where the right to peacefully gather is denied and actions are taken to silence the voices of human rights supporters; and

The Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS) and the United Nations Development Program (UNDP) urgently supports countries towards the adoption and implementation of laws and law enforcement that protect sexual minorities from discrimination, harassment, violence, and arrest and prosecution on the basis of sexual orientation and gender identity;

The United States continues to address how best legally and socially to protect the human rights of everyone in our own country;

THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED, the Twenty-eighth General Synod of the United Church of Christ:

Reaffirms the 10th General Synod of the United Church of Christ (1975), "A Pronouncement: Civil Liberties without Discrimination Related to Affectional or Sexual Preference," and previous General Synod and Executive Council actions in support of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights (GS2, 1959) and of denominational advocacy toward the full application of international human rights (GS12, 1979); and

In faithfulness to the biblical and historic mandate, holds that, as a child of God, every person is endowed by God with worth and dignity that human judgment cannot set aside; and

Deplores the use of scripture to generate hatred and the violation of human rights, including human rights violations in relation to sexual orientation, gender identity or gender expression; and

Declares its support for the Yogyakarta Principles on the Application of International Human Rights Law in relation to Sexual Orientation and Gender Identity (SOGI); and

Calls upon the leadership of faith communities to foster discussion and a deeper understanding of the foundations of human rights, so that our churches and the wider community may better understand the source beliefs that undergird fair and just practices for all, including SOGI communities; and

Calls upon the individual members of our churches, lay leaders, clergy, local churches, institution, agencies, and the various geographical and other expressions of the church to advocate for policies and legislation consistent with the Yogyakarta Principles at the United Nations, and at the federal, state and local levels of government of the United States; and

Calls upon the leadership of local churches, geographical expressions of the church, and program ministers in the national settings to identify and distribute materials that describe universal human rights as they have been defined in the Universal Declaration on Human Rights; and

Calls upon the leadership of local churches, geographical expressions of the church, and program ministers in the national settings, to maintain a constant awareness of violations of human rights in relation to sexual orientation and gender identity, through the use of reporting and a wide range of communication outlets, and encourages our affiliated, ecumenical and interfaith partners to do the same; and

Calls upon the national ministries of the United Church of Christ to work collaboratively with Common Global Ministries to identify partners with which to cooperate for the effective implementation of this resolution in ways that are respectful of cultural sensitivities; and Directs that Justice & Witness Ministries, Local Church Ministries, Wider Church Ministries, and the Office of General Ministries will be responsible for developing the strategies, programs, and resources to implement the Resolution.

FUNDING

Funding for the implementation of this Resolution will be made in accordance with the overall mandates of the affected agencies and the funds available.

IMPLEMENTATION

The Covenanted Ministries of the United Church of Christ are requested to implement this resolution.

Point of personal privilege: Mr. Adam Tietje expressed thanks from LGBT guests. Thank you to delegates and Wider Church Ministries. He requested a moment of silence for the memory of those murdered because of their sexuality and stated angels are rejoicing in heaven because of the impact of this vote.

Point of personal privilege: Mr. Gary Friend (OHIO) stated that the moderator's job is sometimes thankless and all of the moderators have done a fantastic job. The delegates agreed with applause.

7. ON ACTIONS OF HOSTILITY AGAINST ISLAM

Assistant Moderator Aurand called on Mr. John Ramos, Chairperson of Committee Twelve, to present the resolution "On Actions of Hostility Against Islam and the Muslim Community."

Mr. Ramos moved adoption of the resolution, as amended, and spoke to it.

Following a brief discussion, Mr. Larry Lannetti (MASS) moved to add "irrational" and remove "Islamaphobia" and add "between fear and ignorance" and strike "Islamaphobic."

Following additional discussion, the question was called.

<u>11-GS-47 VOTED:</u> The Twenty-eighth General Synod votes to defeat the proposed amendment.

Mr. David Stewart (ILL) moved to amend the title to "To Counter Actions of Hostility Against Islam and the Muslim Community." Motion was seconded.

<u>11-GS-48 VOTED:</u> The Twenty-eighth General Synod votes to amend the title of the resolution to "To Counter Actions of Hostility Against Islam and the Muslim Community."

Ms. Patricia Barnes-McConnell (OGM) moved that "the" be retained and remove "our" in line 88. Motion was seconded.

Discussion followed and Mr. Sean Weston (LCM) moved to call the question. The motion was seconded.

11-GS-49 VOTED: The Twenty-eighth General Synod votes to close debate on the amendment to the resolution "To Counter Actions of Hostility Against Islam and the Muslim Community."

11-GS-50 VOTED: The Twenty-eighth General Synod votes to defeat the amendment.

Mr. Sean Weston (LCM) then called the question on the amended resolution.