Ms. Carolyn Edwards (NE) said that the Nebraska Conference challenged the United Church of Christ to select honored laymen as well as honored laywomen.

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Ms. Barbara VanAusdall (IS) reported that members of the Illinois South Conference were at home preparing for a trip to Ecuador. She noted that members of both the Christian Church (Disciples of Christ) and the United Church of Christ would go together to work on a mission project.

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Ms. Jenna Meisner (OHIO) spoke in favor of open and affirming. Noting that the issue had torn the church apart, she asked how people with differing opinions could be brought together.

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Mr. Jack Lynes (NH) announced that the New Hampshire Conference would be celebrating its 200th anniversary on October 28. He asked for thoughts and prayers on that date.

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5. RESOLUTION: OPPOSITION TO THE SIECUS DECLARATION—RESOLUTION 1

Ms. Jaramillo called on Ms. Suzi Townsley (CONN), Chair for Committee Three, to present the work of the Committee. Ms. Townsley spoke of the thoughtful consideration that the Committee gave to the resolution and the discussion which led to the Committee's recommendation. She then moved the resolution, "Opposition to the SIECUS Declaration—Resolution 1," and indicated the Committee's recommendation that the resolution be defeated. She spoke to the recommendation, sharing words written by members of the Committee.

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Russell Mitman (PSE) spoke in favor of the Committee's call for defeat of the resolution, sharing his respect for the Committee. He yearned for a time of better discernment. Mr. Lewis (CA.SY) expressed opposition to the SIECUS declaration noting that Mr. Thomas did not speak for the Calvin Synod. Carol Wassmuth (IA) said that many lesbians had come to her, as a nurse, seeking help in dealing with the strain created by the way society treats lesbians and gays. She shared her distress with people who consider the love between two people of the same sex perverted. David Runnion-Bareford, Biblical Witness Fellowship, said that sinners are in need of being saved; fellowship with Jesus gives us fellowship with one another. Jeffrey Brace (PNE) opposed the resolution, but expressed concern about the conflict and hate. He asked for greater understanding so that those in the church might be a community of God and witnesses to God's love.

The resolution, "Opposition to the SIECUS Declaration—Resolution 1," was defeated.

6. RESOLUTION: OPPOSITION TO THE SIECUS DECLARATION—RESOLUTION 2

Ms. Townsley, on behalf of Committee Three, moved the resolution, "Opposition to the SIECUS Declaration—Resolution 2," and reported the Committee's recommendation that the resolution be defeated. She spoke to the resolution, again sharing the words of the Committee members.

The resolution, "Opposition to the SIECUS Declaration—Resolution 2," was defeated.

7. RESOLUTION: COLOMBIA

Ms. Jaramillo reviewed the Standing Rules regarding how far in advance of a vote delegates were required to have relevant materials. She reported a request from the Connecticut Conference, the proposer of the resolution on Colombia, that the issue be addressed while a guest from Colombia, who could speak to the resolution, would be in Kansas City. Ms. Jaramillo asked the delegates if they felt prepared to discuss the resolution immediately. Following the delegates affirmation, Ms. Jaramillo called upon Ms. Petra Malleis-Sternberg (SW), Chair of Committee Twelve, to present the resolution "Colombia."

Ms. Malleis-Sternberg drew attention to the resolution in materials that had been distributed to the delegates (yellow packet). She noted the thoughtful consideration the Committee gave the resolution and moved the adoption of the Resolution "Colombia." She then yielded her time to Mr. Ricardo Equivia, who spoke to the resolution through his interpreter, sharing personal information regarding the serious conflict in Colombia and the need for the presence of others there to facilitate peace.

Others rose to address the resolution. One speaker had two children adopted from Colombia. She had seen the effects on people who have been displaced, the hunger, sick children, and environmental damage. She had gone to Congress to tell the story. Charles Wildman (CAC) had been hosted by Ricardo Equivia in Colombia and saw the true poverty outside the populous cities. Mr. Chen (CONN) had been in a South Korean city in 1980 and experienced a military operation where almost 300 people were killed and over 2000 were injured, including children. Julio Filomeno (RI) had many Colombian members in his church. Over two million people had been displaced, many had immigrated to Rhode Island.

01-GS-23 VOTED with abstentions: The Twenty-third General Synod adopts the resolution, "Colombia."

COLOMBIA

WHEREAS the Psalmist proclaims, "How very good and pleasant it is when kindred live together in unity" (Psalm 133:1);

WHEREAS Jesus in the Beatitudes taught his disciples "Blessed are the peacemakers for they will be called children of God" (Matthew 5:9);

WHEREAS Paul reminds us of our unity in Christ when he wrote, "For just as the body is one and has many members, and all the members of the body, though many, are one body, so it is with Christ" (1 Corinthians 12:12);

WHEREAS on the day of Pentecost (Acts 2), peoples of every nation on earth were present and the Holy Spirit filled them and they had understanding of one another, testifying to God's power;

WHEREAS we are entrusted with the "ministry of reconciliation" (2 Corinthians 5:18) and are called to be "ambassadors for Christ" (2 Corinthians 5:20);

WHEREAS the Connecticut Conference and the Central Atlantic Conference at their respective Annual Meetings in 2000 have passed a resolution of partnership between their Conferences and the Mennonite Church in Colombia;

WHEREAS Justice and Witness Ministries, and the Latin American/Caribbean Office of the Common Global Ministries worked in collaboration with Witness for Peace to send a diverse, interfaith delegation to Colombia from March 11–13, 2001, which included 20 clergy and lay representatives of the United Church of Christ and the Disciples of Christ from around the country;

WHEREAS these delegates were told repeatedly by leaders from all sectors of Colombian society, including religious peace and justice workers, human rights advocates, representatives from indigenous and Afro-Colombian communities, campesinos, and members of the business sector, that the violence in their country is not about a "war on drugs," but rather is the result of economic chaos due to widespread poverty and gross inequities in the distribution of resources;

WHEREAS despite increasing efforts of the U.S. over the past five years to reduce coca productions in Latin America primarily through policies of interdiction and aerial fumigation of crops, which is causing widespread damage to the environment in the Colombian rain forest and massive destruction of edible crops as well, overall coca production has continued to increase over this period due to a consistently increasing demand in the United States; and

WHEREAS international human rights organizations, as well as the judicial branch of the Colombian government, have documented that 80% of the human rights violations and military violence

being perpetrated in Colombia at this time is due to the paramilitary forces, which often act as an extension of and in cooperation with the Colombian military forces, who are being trained by the United States and who are the primary recipients of aid through Plan Colombia. (Plan Colombia is the U.S. government sponsored aid package in the amount of 1.3 billion dollars in fiscal year 2001, of which 80% of this package is for military purposes.)

THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED that the delegates to the Twenty-third General Synod of the United Church of Christ urges Wider Church Ministries and the Common Global Ministries Board to develop a presence in Colombia in cooperation with ecumenical partners to work for peace, justice, and human rights; and develop a brief study guide for congregations on the subject;

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the United Church of Christ calls upon the National Council of Churches and Church World Service to support efforts for peacemaking in Colombia and assistance to the displaced;

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that a national United Church of Christ delegation, in cooperation with ecumenical partners, visit Colombia before the Twentyfourth General Synod and report to the church their findings;

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the United Church of Christ, in keeping with recommendations from the United Church of Christ/Christian Church (Disciples of Christ) Witness for Peace March delegation to Colombia, calls on the members of its churches to urge U.S. policymakers to stop all further military aid to Colombia, and support a negotiated peace process which includes all sectors; to reallocate funds previously spent on military aid to be used strictly for humanitarian purposes; to stop any further aerial fumigation of coca crops and instead support manual eradication, along with subsidizing alternate crop production; and to provide adequate funding for drug consumption prevention and treatment on request for addicts in the U.S. to reduce overall demand;

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the United Church of Christ actively respond and allocate resources to help alleviate the needs of the displaced families and individuals in Colombia; and

BE IT FINALLY RESOLVED that the United Church of Christ urges Justice and Witness Ministries to advocate for humanitarian aid for the displaced in Colombia; for peacemaking and human rights as our nation's priority in relation to Colombia; and for focused attention on the relationship between drug usage in the United States and the suffering of innocent people in Colombia; and further urges Justice and Witness Ministries to advocate for drug education and increased drug treatment centers in the United States.

Funding for this action will be made in accordance with the overall mandates of the affected agencies and the funds available.

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8. RESOLUTION: JUVENILE JUSTICE

Ms. Jaramillo recognized Ms. Amarilys Ramos (PR), the chair of Committee Four, to present the resolution, "Juvenile Justice." Ms. Ramos noted changes to the original document which could be found in the distributed materials (blue packet). She moved adoption of the resolution as amended in committee.

Douglas Anderson (MASS) proposed an amendment to change "sexual preference" to "sexual orientation."

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01-GS-24 VOTED: The Twenty-third General Synod amends the resolution, "Juvenile Justice," to replace the words "sexual preference" with the words "sexual orientation."

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Sheila Whetzel (CAC) moved to amend the resolution by changing the word "orientation" to "identity."

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01-GS-25 VOTED with abstentions: The Twentythird General Synod amends the resolution, "Juvenile Justice," to replace the word "orientation" with the word "identity."

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William Abraham (MICH) questioned the vote due to confusion regarding what sign delegates were to use when voting. The Assistant Moderator asked the delegates to vote again and the decision to amend was affirmed.

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Ms. Jaramillo called for the vote on the amended resolution.

01-GS-26 VOTED with abstentions: The Twenty-third General Synod adopts the resolution "Juvenile Justice."

JUVENILE JUSTICE

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WHEREAS children and youth are important members of our families, churches, and communities;

52 53 WHEREAS Jesus reached out to the children with love and compassion when his disciples sought to send them away;

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WHEREAS Jesus demonstrated through his ministry the importance of caring for offenders and indicated our responsibility to do the same when he said, "I was sick and you cared for me; I was in prison and you visited me";

WHEREAS the criminal justice system in the United States has adopted a more punitive approach to juvenile offenders in the last two decades;

WHEREAS in the last six years, forty-three states have instituted legislation facilitating the transfer of juveniles to adult court, and all fifty states have laws allowing juveniles to be tried as adults;

WHEREAS the juvenile justice system of the United States arrests, detains, charges, convicts, and penalizes young people in an unfair manner, resulting in disproportionate numbers of poor youth and youth of color represented in the juvenile justice system;

WHEREAS the justice system, including the juvenile justice system, has become a repository for people with mental illnesses and behavioral disorders, but provides little, if any, care appropriate to treating and healing such illnesses, especially among young people;

WHEREAS youthful detention has been shown to teach skill in crime and deceit rather than educating people in high standards for life and ethical solutions to address life problems, and youth engaged in the criminal justice system often become enmeshed in such systems to their detriment, foregoing education and opportunity to the detriment of us all;

WHEREAS current legislative efforts are being made in the United States to legalize the imprisonment of children as young as ten years old for the commission of felonies, and

WHEREAS the United Nations Subcommission On the Promotion and Protection of Human Rights resolved in August 2000 that the execution of people who were under the age of eighteen at the time of the crime "is contrary to customary international law," and the United Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child (article 37(a), 1995) states: "neither capital punishment nor life imprisonment without possibility of release shall be imposed for offenses committed by persons below eighteen years of age," but the United States continues to refuse to ratify this convention, and youth in the United States who committed crimes before the age of eighteen are vulnerable to capital punishment or life imprisonment; and

WHEREAS the teachings of Jesus hold us personally accountable to care for those who have been victimized and beaten down, as he illustrated in the story of the good Samaritan, and taught us to love all people, including those of us who have sinned, as he illustrated throughout his ministry;

THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED that the Twentythird General Synod of the United Church of Christ expresses its concern for the injustices of the juvenile justice system which affect the lives of many young people and their families, and thanks those United